

SSC Question Bank 2023 Section 05 Information Transfer With Answers

SET 8: Q. 5/ Q.6 WRITING SKILLS (20 Marks)

Q. 6 A Information Transfer

A1 or A2. Attempt any one of the following: (5 Marks)

A1 Non-Verbal to Verbal

The table here shows the statistical data for the past two years of the candidates who appeared for Combined Graduate Level competitive examination. The table also shows qualifying percentage of candidates appearing for these examinations. Write a short paragraph giving details about the information shared in the table.

EXAM YEAR 2019-20 2018-19

No. of Registered Candidates 30,90,805 25,97,000 No. of Appeared Candidates 9,78,103 8,37,000 Overall % of Attendance 31.64% 32.23% No. of Candidates Qualified 52,790 50,240

Source: prowiggle

Ans:

Data of Graduate Level Competitive Examination

The table here shows the statistical data for the past two years of the candidates who appeared for Combined Graduate Level competitive examination. The No. of Registered Candidates in year 2019-2020 were 30,90,805. But in 2018-19 they were 25,97,000. No. of Appeared Candidates in 2019-2020 were 9,78,103. And in 2018-19 they were 8,37,000. Overall % of Attendance in 2019-2020 was 31.64%. And in 2018-19 it was 32.23%. . The table also shows qualifying percentage of candidates appearing for these examinations. Year 2019-2020 no. of candidates qualified were 52,790. And in 2018-19 they were 50,240

A1 Non-Verbal to Verbal

This table shows the list of countries by number of Internet users for the year 2020. Estimates are derived either from household surveys or from internet subscription data. Write a short paragraph giving details about the information shared in the table.

| Rank | Country | Internet Users | Population | Percentage of users |
|------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| 1 | China | 904,080,566 | 1,427,647,786 | 63.33% |
| 2 | India | 755,820,000 | 1,366,417,754 | 55.40% |
| 3 | United States | 312,320,000 | 324,459,463 | 96.26% |
| 4 | Indonesia | 212,354,070 | 266,911,900 | 73.70% |

Source: Wikipedia

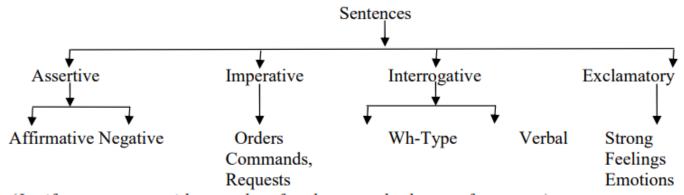
Ans:

Data of Internet users Countries in 2020

This table shows the list of countries by number of Internet users for the year 2020. Estimates are derived either from household surveys or from internet subscription data. Total population of china is 904,080,566 out of them 904,080,566 are internet users. Overall 63.33% people are internet users. China is no.1 in rank. In India out of 1,366,417,754 people internet users are 755,820,000. Percentage of internet users are 55.40%. In ranking it is on no. 2. The population of United states is 324,459,463. Internet Users are 312,320,000. Percentage of users are 96.26% which is highest. The population of Indonesia is 266,911,900. Out them 212,354,070 are internet users. It is 73.70%. Overall we can say United states is highest percentage of Internet users, no. two Indonesia. China & India are in no. three and four.

A1 Non-Verbal to Verbal

Read the following tree diagram and prepare a short paragraph on The Sentences.



(Justify your answer with examples of each type and sub-type of sentence.)

Ans:

Types of Sentences

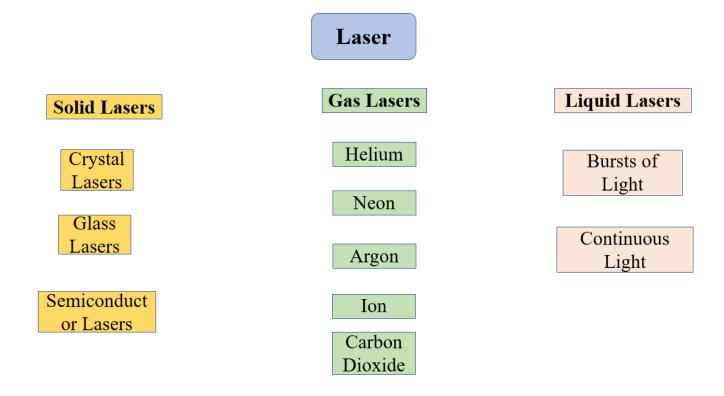
Sentence is a group of word which have a meaning. There are four main types of sentences. These are Assertive, Imperative, Interrogative & Exclamatory sentence. Assertive sentence is also called simple sentence. Its word order is subject + Verb + Object. Eg. We can speak English fluently. Assertive sentence may be affirmative or negative. Imperative sentence begins with verb. For example, 'Give me your pen.' Imperative sentence have meaning of order, command or request. Interrogative sentence is a question. There are two types of question. W-h question and yes no type question. For example, 1. Where do you live? 2. Will you help me? Forth type of sentence that is Exclamatory Sentence. End of the sentence there is exclamatory marks(!). It shows strong feelings or emotions. For example: How beautiful place it is!

A2 Verbal to Non-Verbal

Draw a tree diagram that contains the main points and important supporting details from the following text about the 'Laser'.

Laser is a device that amplifies light. A laser produces a thin intensive beam of light that can burn a hole in a diamond or carry the signals of different television pictures as the same time. There are three major kinds of lasers based on their light amplifying substance-solid lasers, gas lasers and liquid lasers. Solid lasers use a crystal, a glass or a semiconductor as the light amplifying substance. Crystal lasers, Glass lasers, and Semiconductor lasers are different types of solid lasers. Gas lasers have a gas or a mixture of gases as their light-amplifying substance. Helium, neon, argon, ion and carbon dioxide lasers are the most widely used types of Gas lasers. Liquid lasers produce both bursts of light and continuous light. Liquid lasers that produce bursts of light use a flash tube as their source of power. Those that produce continuous light get their power from a gas laser.

Ans:



A2 Verbal to Non-Verbal

Read the following extract carefully and prepare a Tree Diagram on Types of Cheese.

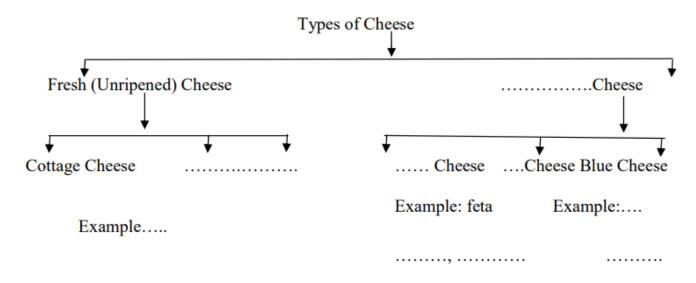
SAY CHEESE!

Once upon a time, an Arab trader was on a long journey through the desert. He has taken some milk under the saddle in an animal stomach. After some hours, the milk changed into solid white lumps. The animal stomach developed a coagulating enzyme called Rennet which eventually turned the milk into a cheese-like matter, and accidentally cheese was discovered. However, some claim that Sumerians knew how to make cheese from ancient times.

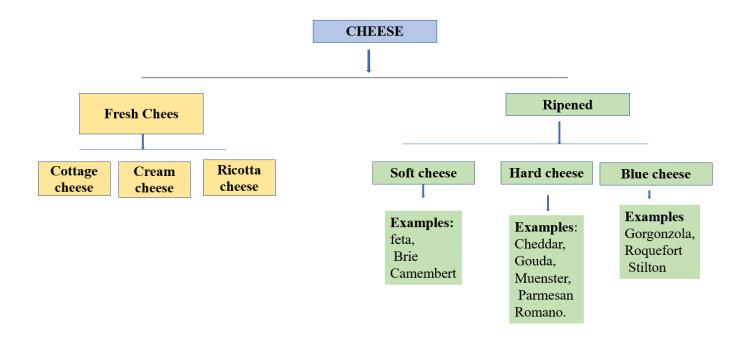
Everybody seems to like cheese and with the number of varieties available, there is certainly something to appeal to everyone. All cheese is made from animal milk (either cow's, goat's or sheep's). The cheeses are mainly classified as fresh or ripened.

The Fresh (unripened) cheeses include Cottage cheese, Cream cheese and Ricotta cheese. Ripened cheese is classified into three sub-types- Soft cheese, Hard cheese, and Blue cheese according to the texture. Soft cheeses such as feta, Brie and Camembert, have been ripened for a short time. Hard cheeses are ripened for various lengths of time and range from semi hard to hard. They include Cheddar, Gouda, Muenster, Parmesan and Romano. Blue cheeses are ripened by green moulds and include Gorgonzola, Roquefort and Stilton. You can take the help of the following clues.

You can take the help of the following clues.



Ans:



SSC Ouestion bank 2023 PDF Files With Answer sheet:

Section 01 Language Study

Section 02 Part 01 Textual Passage

Section 02 Part 01 Textual Passage

Section 03 Poetry

Section 04 Non-Textual Passage

Section 05 Writing Skill

- Letter Writing
- Dialogue Writing
- Speech Writing
- Information Transform Verbal or Non- Verbal
- News Report Writing
- Develop a Story

Section 06 Translation

Please follow and like us:

