

# **Important Figures of speech in English**

# 1) Alliteration

#### Ex: -

- 1) "Each day brings new beginnings,"
- 2) "Decision I must make"
- 3) "in form and features, face and limb,"

### **Explanation: -**

The same initial sounds 'b', 'm' and 'f' are repeated for musical effect.

# 2) Repetition

#### Ex: -

- 1) "I know that I will see".
- 2) "small small moons of light."
- 3) "what would you do, if you were me, To prove that you were you?"

same words/phrases are repeated for a pleasing effect.

# 3) Apostrophe

#### Ex: -

- 1) "Please open up my eyes, dear Lord,"
- 2) "Help, Lord, to just say "No"
- 3) "O moon, give me moonlight"

### **Explanation: -**

Direct address is made to the dead, plants, animals, birds, god, absent person or non-living object.

#### 4) Personification

#### Ex: -

- 1) "Each day brings new beginnings,"
- 2) when temptation comes my way,
- 3) O moon, give me a basketful of moonlight on loan.

# **Explanation: -**

The non-living (inanimate / lifeless) thing is given the human quality / described as human being behave.

### 5) Simile

#### Ex: -

- 1) Twinkle Twinkle little star, ...... like a diamond in the sky.
- 2) "I grew so like my brother, That folks go talking me for him".

The two different objects are directly compared which have at least one common point.

#### 6) Metaphor

#### Ex:-

- 1) "I am the only one to chose, The road that I will take." (road is indirectly compared to decision.)
- 2) "I can choose to take the road of life," (road of success)
- 3) " If you do not listen to the sounds of life" (experience of life)
- 4) Camel is the ship of desert.
- 5) life is a dream.

**Explanation:** There is an implied / indirect comparison between two different object.

#### 7) Inversion

#### Ex:-

1) "please open up my eyes , dear Lord,

That I might clearly see".

2) "where on the deck my caption lies,

**Explanation:** The words are not in correct prose order.

The correct prose orders of these lines are—

- 1) dear Lord, please open up my eyes, That I might see clearly.
- 2) Where my Caption lies on the deck.

#### 8) Antithesis

#### Ex: -

- 1) "If you do not reached what is safe, the uncertain"
- 2) "from the city to my village"
- 3) "I want to light the dark route."

### **Explanation: -**

In a single line the opposite words / ideas are used side by side.

### 9) Hyperbole

#### Ex: -

- 1) "I want to sow seeds of moon, on the sides of the path".
- 2) "The ship has weather`d every rack".
- 3) "It reached a fearful pitch".
- 4) "we got completely mixed".

### **Explanation: -**

Here, the words or ideas are over-stated or exaggerated to create emphasis and humour.

### 10) Tautology

#### Ex: -

1) "I too want to hear fairy tales, and stories from him".

- 2) "fallen cold and dead".
- 3) "his lips are pale and still".

Here, different words of same meaning are used for the sake of force.

#### 11) Pun

#### Ex: -

- 1) "I grew so like my brother."
- 2) "the folks got talking me for him".

(folks= his parents, general people)

# **Explanation:**

Here the same word is used for deferent meaning.

# 12) Onomatopoeia

#### Ex: -

- 1) a little duck say quack quack
- 2) door closed with a bang.

### **Explanation: -**

in these lines the words show sound.

### 13) Exclamation

#### Ex: -

1) "yours is the Earth and everything in it,

And which is more you'll be a man, my son! "

In this line poet shows his exclamation.

# 14) Interrogation

#### Ex-

- 1) How can we live if there are no trees?
- 2) Is it possible to survive without air?

### **Explanation: -**

A question is asked to make an effective statement

### 15) Euphemism

#### Ex: -

- 1) Soon falls asleep in their earthy bed.
- 2) Her all smiles stopped together.

### **Explanation: -**

The unpleasant idea of death is told in pleasant way.

### 16) Climax

#### Ex: -

- 1) Birds, animals, men, and angles all worship god.
- 2) She is my friend, my adviser and my inspiration.

Explanation: - Here, ideas are arranged in ascending order.

### 17) Anti-climax

#### Ex-

- 1) So he swore by the sun, the moon, the stars and the leaves of tree.
- 2) Angels, men, and animals scared God.

Here, ideas are arranged in descending order.

### **18) Irony**

#### Ex: -

- 1) Thank you for defeating me.
- 2) I am the happiest person in the world, As am single, living lonely.
- 3) He was so intelligent that he could not get any job.

### 19) Transferred Epithet

Ex: -

- 1) The old lady looked down the lonely road.
- 2) I am living in this darken world.

### **Explanation: -**

The adjective is transferred to another nouns.

### 20) Synecdoche

#### Ex: -

1) India won the cricket match.

### **Explanation: -**

Here, the whole thing (India) is used for the team of cricket.

### 21) Paradox

#### Ex: -

- 1) Motion thy rest.
- 2) talking in their sleep.
- 3) A child is a father of man.

# **Explanation: -**

Here, the two contrasting actions are used in a line.

# 22) Epigram

### Ex: -

- 1) A child is a father of man.
- 2) Every dog has its days.

# **Explanation: -**

Here, the message is conveyed in humorous way.

# 23) Metonymy

#### Ex: -

- 1) it is not gold.... Is it a sward? (gold = wealth)
- 2) A child is a father of man. (Used for All children and men in the world)

# **Explanation: -**

Here, a world is used to represent a class or category of things.

#### 24) Refrain

# Ex: -

- 1) You start dying slowly.... (class 10, poem 2.1)
- 2) O God forgive me when I whine.

(class 10, poem 4.1, This line is repeated at the end of the stanza.)

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